Peace Building Through Community Health and Development

Padek’s Case
Presentation about Padek
On
Integrated Community Development Model
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1- Brief history of involvements

• **Padek** is abbreviated from **Partnership for Development in Kampuchea**.

• Padek was established in 1986 in Cambodia as an International Non-Governmental Organization (INGO) by five Oxfams including: Oxfam America, Oxfam Novib, Oxfam Belgium, Oxfam Hong Kong Oxfam GB.

• From 1986-1990 focused on emergency relief, small scale infrastructure rehabilitation, human resources development.
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- From 1990-2000 focused on community development through improving food security, income generation, promoting pre-school and primary education and conservation of local tradition and health education.

- From 2001-present continues to work on community development through applying a model of Integrated Community Development model which facilitates to establish a strong community structure for sustainability.
2. Vision, mission and goal of Padek

- Vision
An equitable, peaceful, self-reliant society where there is no poverty
- **Mission:**

To build and strengthen the capacity of appropriate people’s organizations in order that they can:

- Become independent quickly.
- Access and manage necessary resources to meet basic needs and to prosper in a sustainable way that is not detrimental to other segments of the population and future generations.
• Support appropriate local initiatives
• Network closely with government, NGOs and other people’s organizations to promote and adopt appropriate models of development and to promote sustainable patterns of development for Cambodia
• Promote human rights, child rights and promote gender equity.
- Goal:

To empower disadvantaged people to improve their quality of life in a sustainable way through building and strengthening civil society organizations.
• In 2008, Padek become a national NGO and recognizes by the Royal Government of Cambodia

• At present, Padek is working in 74 communes, 644 villages in 7 provinces benefit to 96,500 poor and very families (467,900 people)
Project Components

1. Organization Building
   Forming and building the capacity of the community to become functional CBO

2. Food Security and Income Generation
   Agriculture, animal and fish raising, Micro-credit

3. Education and Culture
   Support to primary education and adult literacy

4. Health
   Prevention, awareness and health education
3- Where do we work?
## Coverage Area

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Province</th>
<th>District/Khan</th>
<th>Commune/Sangkat</th>
<th>Village</th>
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<tr>
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<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>23</strong></td>
<td><strong>74</strong></td>
<td><strong>644</strong></td>
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</tbody>
</table>
4- How do we work?

- The community structure consists of people’s organization, the coordination committee and village resource person/expert groups.

ICD Village level model
• People’s organization
  • Self Help Group, Pagoda committee
• Coordination committee
  • Village development committee, Commune Development Committee, Commune Resource Management Committee
• Village resource person/expert groups
  • Agriculture, Fishery, veterinary, Health volunteer, gender and conflict, Literacy Teacher, Mid-wife,
ICD Model – commune level
5- Major Activities

5.1. Community Organizing and Capacity building (Organizational building), through forming and strengthening

- Village Development Committee (VDC)
- Commune Development Committee (CDC)
- Self Help Group (SHG)
- Experts Committees (Agriculture, Veterinary, Aquaculture, Village Health Agent, Literacy Teacher, Conflict Resolution Committee, Gender mainstreaming committee, etc)
- Commune Resource Management Committee (Apex body at the commune level)
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5. 2. Livelihood Enhancement

- Improving agricultural production
  - System of Rice Intensification (SRI) and Vegetable growing
  - Animal and fish raising.
• Improving family income:
  • *Micro-credit to Self help group*
  • *Community shop*
  • *Vocational skill training*
  • *Increasing business activities*
5. 3. Improving education at primary and literacy for adults

- Forming Parent-Teacher Association (PTA)
- Literacy class
- Establish mobile library
- Support school construction
5. 4. Improving health education:

- Networking with health center
- Forming VHA & CHAC
- Providing training
- Dissemination
- Mobilize vaccination to Children and pregnant women
5.5 Networking and advocacy

- Advocate with governments, donors on specific issues
- Joint statement
- Joint research
- Represent NGOs community in national and international events
6- Key principles

• Building functional grassroots civil society organization (CSO):

Steps

I- Livelihood Enhancement
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- Focus is given to improve livelihood of the poor and very poor people through various activities such as agriculture, aquaculture, veterinary, income generation, micro-credit, vocational skill training ... etc

II- Capacity Building

- Training: Technical and Management
- Regular meeting
- Workshop to share experience
- Study tour/field visit
III- Empowerment

• Establishment of Community-based Organization
• Register as legal entity with MOI
• Encourage them to work by themselves
• Support CBO through small project fund
• Assist CBO to mobilize resources inside and outside for their development project
• **IV - Engagement CBO to Local Authority**
  - *Promote dialogue between CBO-CC on specific issues*
  - *Integrate CBO development plan into Commune Development plan*
  - *Exchanging experiences*
  - *Regular meeting*
7. Concrete case: Peace Building Project at the Grassroots community
**Rationale**

- Cambodia went across a 30 years civil war destroyed confidence and trust.
- People lack of forum to voice out their concern, dialogue between relevant actors
- Solving problems by of violence
- Susceptible to rumor
- Lost of traditional mechanism of solving conflict before proceeding to the court system
Aim of the project

- Building trust between people, local authority and between people and civil society.
- Resolve conflict prior proceeding to the court.

Strategy

- Establish/Strengthening Commune Conflict Resolution Committee
- Building their capacity in conflict resolution
- Engage commune council in the process of building trust
Who are the Conflict Resolution Committee (CCRC)?

- They are selected in the commune compost of 6 people
- Elder and retired civil servant and willing to help their community without violence
- Building their capacity in conflict resolution
- Engage commune council in the process of building trust

Function

- CCRC meets regularly to discuss issues they encountered such as:
  - Domestic Violence cases
  - Land dispute
  - How to deal with CC member in some cases
Conflict always arise:

- Land conflict-between neighbor, the powerful and people
- **Belief/ Superstitious**

Concrete Example

- Deep belief in superstitious –
  - A isolated village in the mountainous area, there are about 75 families are living scatter and they are living by collecting non-timber products.
  - There is no school, no health center and road are also difficult to access.
  - People about 25 to 30 years of ages never attend school.
Padek started its work in the village in 2005, by providing supports on livelihood and organizing various committee in the communes, formation of SHGs and many agricultural techniques trainings sessions are also provided.

One day, a group of people come and report to the group and village chief that one family killed people in their village by using witchcraft.

As they follow so far, many people died by witchcraft of this family.

about one family who they believe to know about the witchcraft.

Rumor from one village to the other make people think that this is true.
6- Peace and development

- PEACE is not just the absence of WAR, but PEACE in mind, PEACE in community.
- PEACE goes hand in hand with DEVELOPMENT
- DEVELOPMENT must go hand in hand with CONFIDENCE and TRUST Building
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Thank you for your attention
Question?